



Name: Ir. Séverine Mortier
 Phone: +32 9264 6196
 Fax: +32 9264 6220
 E-mail: severine.mortier@ugent.be
 WWW: <http://biomath.ugent.be/>
 Supervisor: Prof. I. Nopens/Prof. T. De Beer (FFW)
 Context: PhD research
 Start: August 2010
 End: July 2014

Modelling of drying processes in Pharmaceutical continuous operation

Objectives

- Understand the drying behaviour of pharmaceutical granules.
- Develop a Population Balance Model (PBM) for the drying of a population of granules.
- Develop a Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) Model to simulate the flow of granules in a fluidised bed dryer.
- Study the effect of granule density on the fluidization pattern of granules in a fluid bed dryer using CFD.
- Incorporate PBM in CFD to simulate the fluid bed dryer
- Validate all models using experimental data.

Background

- ▶ The production of pharmaceutical tablets consists of several steps: mixing, granulation, drying, tableting. In this study the focus lies on continuous processing of pharmaceutical tablets, and more specifically the drying of wet granules. This is innovative compared to the currently used batch-wise production in industry.
- ▶ CFD is a mathematical tool to simulate the flow pattern of different phases. Here, particles are fluidized in a gas flow.



Figure 1: Fluid bed dryer for the continuous drying of pharmaceutical granules

- ▶ PBM allows investigating the distribution of certain granules' properties during drying. Here, granular moisture content will decrease as drying proceeds. The latter can be different for every granule.

Methodology

- The modelling of the process will be performed in several steps.
- First, one single particle is modelled in a constant environment. The moisture content is calculated using different gas temperatures, gas velocities... This model will be validated using experimental data.
- Second, the PBM model envisaged includes a growth term in its internal property (i.e. moisture content) that will be derived from the drying model developed earlier.
- Third, a CFD model will be set up for the particle-gas flow in the fluid bed dryer. This model will be simulated for different densities of the particles to investigate the system behaviour.
- Upon validation of the stand-alone PBM and CFD models, both will be integrated allowing prediction of the drying behaviour of granules during fluidization for different system specs.

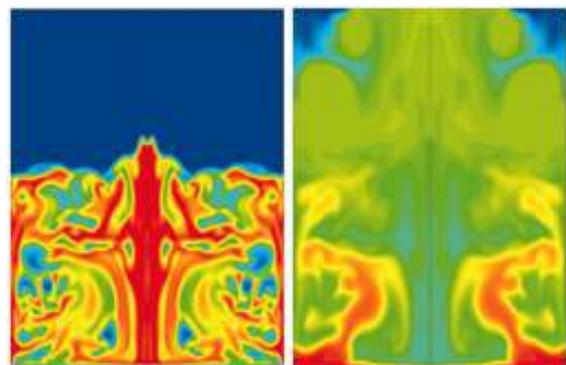


Figure 2: Fluidized bed behaviour with CFD